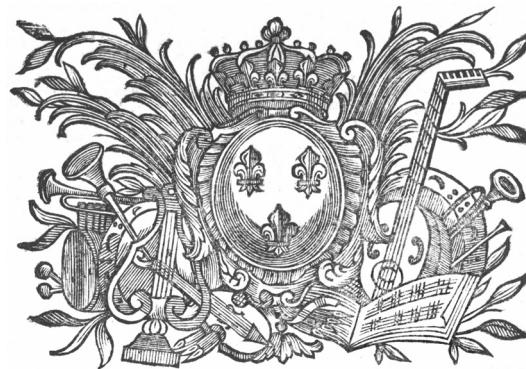


COLLECTION MUSICALE EN FORMAT NUMÉRIQUE
POLYPHONIES VOCALES DE LA RENAISSANCE

Tomás Luis de Victoria (c.1548-1611)
Quem vidistis pastores

à six voix



Nomenclature :



Cantus



Sextus



Altus



Tenor



Quintus



Bassus

Quem vidistis, pastores ? dicite, annuntiate nobis quis apparuit?

Natum vidimus et choros Angelorum collaudantes Dominum.

Alleluia.

Dicite quidnam vidistis ? et annuntiate nobis Christi nativitatem.

Natum vidimus et choros Angelorum collaudantes Dominum.

Alleluia.

Source :

Motecta... Venetiis,
apud filios Antonii Gardani, 1572.

Cantus
(= *Cantus*)

Sextus

Altus

Tenor

Quintus
(= *Tenor*)

Bassus

10

The musical score consists of five staves. The top four staves represent vocal parts: Soprano (G clef), Alto (C clef), Tenor (F clef), and Bass (C clef). The bottom staff represents the organ or bassoon (Bass clef). The music is in G minor (indicated by a key signature of one sharp) and 4/4 time. Measure 10 begins with the soprano and alto singing "ci - te," followed by a fermata over the tenor and bass. The tenor then continues with "di -" and the bass joins with "ci -". In measure 11, the soprano sings "pas - to - - - res?" and the alto sings "di -". The tenor and bass continue with "ci - te," followed by a fermata over the tenor and bass. In measure 12, the soprano sings "to - res?" and the alto sings "di -". The tenor and bass continue with "ci - te," followed by a fermata over the tenor and bass. In measure 13, the soprano sings "Quem _____" and the alto sings "vi - - - dis". The tenor and bass continue with "Quem _____" and a fermata over the tenor and bass. In measure 14, the soprano sings "vi - - - dis" and the alto sings "Quem _____". The tenor and bass continue with "Quem _____" and a fermata over the tenor and bass. In measure 15, the soprano sings "Quem _____" and the alto sings "Quem _____". The tenor and bass continue with "Quem _____" and a fermata over the tenor and bass.

ci - te, di - ci -

pas - to - - - res? di - ci -

to - res? di - ci - te, quem vi - - - dis pas -

Quem _____ vi - - - dis

Quem _____

Quem _____

19

te,
di - ci - te,
te,
di - ci - te,
ro - res? di - ci - te, _____
di - ci - te, di -
tis, pas - to - res? di - - - - ci - te, di -
vi - dis - - - tis, pas - to - - - - res? di - - - - ci -
vi - dis - tis, pas - to - res? di - - - - ci - te, di - ci -

29

A musical score for six voices (SSAATTB) in common time, key signature of one sharp. The vocal parts are:

- Soprano (S): Starts with a dotted half note, followed by eighth notes.
- Soprano (S): Starts with a dotted half note, followed by eighth notes.
- Alto (A): Starts with a dotted half note, followed by eighth notes.
- Alto (A): Starts with a dotted half note, followed by eighth notes.
- Tenor (T): Starts with a dotted half note, followed by eighth notes.
- Bass (B): Starts with a dotted half note, followed by eighth notes.

The lyrics are repeated in each measure, with some variations in the first two measures:

di - ci - te, di - ci - te, an - nun - ti - a - te no - bis
di - ci - te, di - ci - te, an - nun - ti - a - te no - bis
- ci - te, di - ci - te, an - nun - ti - a - te no - bis
- ci - te, di - ci - te, _____ an - nun - ti - a - te
te, di - ci - te, _____ an - nun - ti -
te, di - ci - te, _____ an - nun - ti -

39

A musical score for voice and basso continuo. The score consists of six staves. The top four staves are for the voice, and the bottom two are for the basso continuo. The music is in common time, with a key signature of one flat. The vocal parts sing in a mix of soprano and alto voices. The lyrics are in Latin, with some words underlined. Measure 39 begins with a rest followed by a melodic line in the soprano part. The lyrics are: quis____ ap - pa - ru - it? quis____. This pattern repeats twice more. In the third iteration, the basso continuo staff shows a harmonic progression with a change in bass line. The lyrics then continue: quis____ ap - pa - ru - - - it? quis____ ap - pa - ru - . The basso continuo staff shows a sustained note on the first beat of the next measure. The lyrics then continue: no - - - bis quis____ ap - pa - ru - - - . The basso continuo staff shows a sustained note on the first beat of the next measure. The lyrics then continue: a - te no - - bis, quis____ ap - pa - ru - it? quis____ ap - pa - ru - . The basso continuo staff shows a sustained note on the first beat of the next measure. The lyrics then continue: a - te no - - bis quis____ ap - pa - ru - . The basso continuo staff shows a sustained note on the first beat of the next measure.

quis____ ap - pa - ru - it? quis____

quis____ ap - pa - ru - it?

8
quis____ ap - pa - ru - - - it? quis____ ap - pa - ru -

8
no - - - bis quis____ ap - pa - ru - - -

8
a - te no - - bis, quis____ ap - pa - ru - it? quis____ ap - pa - ru -

a - te no - - bis quis____ ap - pa - ru -

49

A musical score for voice and piano. The vocal part is in soprano C-clef, and the piano part is in bass F-clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The time signature changes between common time (indicated by '8') and 2/4 time. The vocal line consists of lyrics in Latin, repeated in a call-and-response style between the two voices. The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support with sustained notes and chords.

— ap - pa - ru - it? quis ____ ap - pa - ru - it?

quis ap - pa - ru - it? quis ____ ap - pa - ru -

it? quis ____ ap - pa - ru - it? Na - tum vi - di -

it? quis ____ ap - pa - ru - it? quis ____ ap - pa - ru -

it? quis ____ ap - pa - ru - rit?

it? quis ____ ap - pa - ru - it? Quis ____ ap - pa - ru -

58

A musical score for voice and basso continuo. The score consists of five staves. The top three staves are for the voice, and the bottom two are for the basso continuo. The music is in common time, with a key signature of one flat. The vocal parts sing in Latin, with some words in English ('it?') and Italian ('An - ge - lo -'). The basso continuo part uses bass clef and includes a bassoon part with sustained notes.

Na - tum vi - di - mus, na - tum vi - di - mus et cho - ros An - ge - lo -
it? Na - tum vi - di - mus et cho - ros An - ge - lo -
mus, na - tum vi - di - mus, na - tum vi - di - mus et cho - ros An - ge - lo - - -
it? Na - tum vi - di - mus et cho - ros An - ge - lo -
Na - tum vi - di - mus

it? Na - tum vi - di - mus

68

rum, et cho - ros An - ge - lo - rum, et cho - -

rum, et cho - ros An - ge - lo - rum, et cho - ros

rum, et cho - ros An - ge - lo - rum, et cho - -

rum, et cho - ros An - ge - lo - rum, et cho - ros

rum, et cho - ros An - ge - lo - rum, et cho - -

et cho - ros An - ge - -

et cho - ros An - -

77

A musical score for five voices and basso continuo. The score consists of six staves. The top four staves are soprano, alto, tenor, and bass, each with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The fifth staff is basso continuo, with a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The music is in common time. Measure 77 begins with a dotted half note followed by an eighth note. The vocal parts sing "ros An - ge - lo - rum" with a fermata over the "lo". The basso continuo part has a sustained note under the fermata. The music then continues with "col - lau - dan - tes" and "Do - mi -". The vocal parts sing "An - ge - lo - rum" with a fermata over the "lo". The basso continuo part has a sustained note under the fermata. The music then continues with "col - lau - dan - tes" and "Do - mi -". The vocal parts sing "An - ge - lo - rum" with a fermata over the "lo". The basso continuo part has a sustained note under the fermata. The music then continues with "lo - rum" and "col - lau - dan - tes" and "Do - mi -". The vocal parts sing "ge - lo - rum" with a fermata over the "lo". The basso continuo part has a sustained note under the fermata.

ros An - ge - lo - rum col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi -

An - ge - lo - rum col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi -

An - ge - lo - rum col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi -

An - ge - lo - rum

- - - lo - rum col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi -

- - - ge - lo - rum

84

num, col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi -

num, col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi -

8 num, col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi - num, col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi -

8 col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi - num, col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi -

8 num, col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi - num,

col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi - num,

90

num, col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi - num. Al - le - - - -

num, col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi - num. _____

8
num, col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi - num. _____ Al - le - -

8
num, col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi - num. _____ Al - -

8
col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi - num. Al - le - lu - ia,

col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi - num. Al - - le - lu - ia,

98

A musical score for a five-part setting of "Alleluia". The score consists of five staves. The top four staves are in treble clef and the bottom staff is in bass clef. The music is in common time. The lyrics are written below each staff, corresponding to the notes. The lyrics are: "lu - ia," "Al - le - lu - ia," "lu - ia," "Al - le - lu - ia," "le - lu - ia," "Al - le - ", "Al - le - lu - ia," "Al - - - ia," and "Al - le - ". The score includes various note heads, stems, and rests.

lu - ia,
Al - le - lu - ia,
lu - ia,
Al - le - lu - ia,
le - lu - ia,
Al - le -
Al - le - lu - ia,
Al - - - ia,
Al - le -

106

A musical score for six voices (SATB four parts plus two basses) in common time, key signature one flat. The vocal parts are: Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass, Bass 2, and Bass 3. The music consists of six staves. The lyrics are: "Al - le - lu - ia," repeated three times, followed by "Al - le - lu - ia," and then "Al - le - lu - ia," again.

Al - le - lu - ia,

114

A musical score for five voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass, and Bass) in common time. The key signature is one flat. The vocal parts are arranged in five staves. The lyrics "Alleluia" are repeated multiple times, with some variations in the vocal entries. The music includes various note values (eighth, sixteenth, thirty-second), rests, and dynamic markings like forte (f) and piano (p). The bass and basso continuo parts provide harmonic support.

ia, Al - le - lu - ia, Al - le - lu - ia, _____ Al - le -

ia, Al - le - lu - - - ia,

ia, Al - le - - - - lu -

lu - ia, Al - le - - - -

lu - - - ia, _____

ia, Al - le - lu - ia, Al - - - le - lu - ia, _____ Al - -

122

A musical score for six voices, likely a choir, arranged in two staves of three voices each. The top staff consists of soprano, alto, and tenor voices. The bottom staff consists of bass, alto, and soprano voices. The music is in common time, with a key signature of one flat. The vocal parts alternate between soprano and alto voices, creating a polyphonic texture. The lyrics "Alleluia" are repeated throughout the piece.

lu - ia. _____

Al - le - lu - ia. _____

ia, Al - le - lu - ia. _____

lu - ia. _____

Al - - - - le - lu - ia. _____

le - lu - ia, Al - - - - le - lu - ia. _____

130 **Secunda Pars**

Di - - - ci - te, quid - nam vi -

Di - ci - te, quid -

Di - - - ci - te, quid -

Di - - - ci - te, quid - nam vi - dis - - - tis? _____

Di - ci - te, quid - nam vi - dis - - tis? _____

Di - - - ci - te, quid - nam vi - dis - - tis? _____

140

A musical score for five voices and basso continuo. The score consists of six staves. The top four staves are soprano, alto, tenor, and bass, each with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The bottom staff is basso continuo, with a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The music is in common time. The vocal parts sing in Latin, with some words underlined. Measure 140 begins with the soprano and alto singing "dis - - - tis? _____". The tenor and bass enter with "di - ci - te quid -". The second ending begins with the soprano and alto singing "nam vi - dis - - tis? _____". The tenor and bass enter with "di - ci - te quid - nam vi -". The third ending begins with the soprano and alto singing "nam vi - dis - - tis? _____". The tenor and bass enter with "di - ci - te quid -". The fourth ending begins with the soprano and alto singing "di - ci - te quid - nam vi - dis - - tis?". The tenor and bass enter with "di - - - ci - te quid - nam vi - dis - - - tis?". The basso continuo part shows harmonic movement with various notes and rests.

dis - - - tis? _____ di - ci - te quid -

nam vi - dis - - tis? _____ di - ci - te quid - nam vi -

nam vi - dis - - tis? _____ di - ci - te quid -

di - ci - te quid - nam vi - dis - - tis?

di - - - ci - te quid - nam vi - dis - - - tis?

di - - - ci - te quid - nam vi - dis - - - tis?

150

The musical score consists of six staves, each representing a different voice part: Soprano (S), Alto (A), Tenor (T), Alto (A), Tenor (T), and Bass (B). The music is in common time, with a key signature of one flat. The vocal parts are mostly homophony, with some melodic variation between the voices. The lyrics are repeated in each measure, with slight variations in the melody. The bass part is mostly silent, except for a few notes in the first and second measures.

nam vi - dis - - tis? di - ci - te, di - ci - te quid - nam vi - dis -
dis - - - - tis? di - ci - te, di - ci - te quid - nam vi - dis -
nam vi - dis - - tis? di - - ci - te, di - - ci - te quid - - nam vi - dis -
di - ci - te, di - ci - te, di - ci - te quid - - nam vi -
di - ci - te, di - ci - te quid - - - - nam vi -
di - ci - te, di - ci - te quid - - nam vi -

159

A musical score for five voices and basso continuo. The score consists of six staves. The top four staves are soprano, alto, tenor, and bass, all in treble clef. The bottom staff is basso continuo, in bass clef. The music is in common time. The vocal parts sing in homophony. The lyrics are in Latin, with some words underlined for emphasis. Measure 159 begins with a rest followed by a dotted half note. The lyrics are: "tis? et _____ an - nun - ti - a - te no - - -". The second line continues with "tis? et _____ an - nun - ti - a - te no - - -". The third line begins with a repeat sign and "tis? et _____ an - nun - tia - te no - - -". The fourth line begins with "dis - tis? _____. The fifth line begins with "dis - - - tis? _____. The basso continuo staff shows a continuous line of eighth notes.

tis?
et _____ an - nun - ti - a - te no - - -

tis?
et _____ an - nun - ti - a - te no - - -

tis?
et _____ an - nun - tia - te no - - -

dis - tis? _____

dis - - - tis? _____

168

bis,

bis,

bis,

8

et _____ an - nun - ti - a - te no - bis, no -

8

et _____ an - nun - ti - a - te no -

Bass clef

et _____ an - nun - ti - a - te no - - -

177

A musical score for five voices and basso continuo. The score consists of six staves. The top four staves are soprano, alto, tenor, and bass, all in treble clef and common time. The bottom staff is basso continuo, in bass clef. The vocal parts sing "et an - nun - ti - a - te no - - - -" followed by a fermata. The basso continuo part begins with a melodic line. Measure numbers 177 and 180 are indicated above the staves.

et an - nun - ti - a - te no - - - -

et _____ an - nun - ti - a - te no - - - -

et an - nun - ti - a - te no - - - - bis

bis, _____ et an - nun - ti -

- - - - bis, et an - nun - ti - a - te no - bis

- - - - bis,

186

bis _____

Chris - - - ti, Chris - - ti na -

bis

Chris - - - ti _____ na - ti - vi - ta -

Chris - - - ti, _____

Chris - - - ti na -

a - te no - - - bis Chris - - - ti

Chris - - - ti, Chris - - ti _____

Chris - - - ti, _____

Chris - - - ti

196

ti - vi - ta - tem.

tem, Chris - ti na - ti - vi - ta - tem. Na - tum vi - di - mus,

ti - vi - ta - tem. Na - tum vi - di - mus,

na - ti - vi - ta - tem. Na - tum vi - di - mus

na - ti - vi - ta - tem. _____

ti na ti - vi - ta - tem. Na - tum vi - di - mus

206

A musical score for five voices (SATB plus basso continuo) in common time. The key signature is one flat. The vocal parts sing in Latin, while the basso continuo part provides harmonic support. The vocal entries occur at different times, with the basso continuo providing a steady harmonic foundation throughout.

Nat - tum vi - di - mus et cho - ros An - ge - lo - rum, _____ et
na - tum vi - di - mus et cho - ros An - ge - lo - - - rum, et
na - tum vi - di - mus et cho - ros An - ge - lo - - - rum, et
et cho - ros An - ge - - lo -
Na - tum vi - di - mus et cho - ros An - ge - lo - rum, et cho - ros An - ge - - lo -
et cho - ros An - ge - - lo -

216

cho - ros An - ge - lo - rum, et cho - ros An - ge - lo - rum
cho - ros An - ge - lo - rum, et cho - ros An - ge - lo - rum
cho - ros An - ge - lo - rum, et cho - ros An - ge - lo - rum
rum,
et cho - ros An - ge - lo - rum
rum,
et cho - ris An - ge - lo - rum
rum,
et cho - ros An - ge - lo - rum

225

col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi - num,

col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi - num,

col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi - num, col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi -

col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi - num, col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi -

col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi -

col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi -

231

A musical score for three voices and basso continuo. The score consists of six staves. The top three staves are soprano, alto, and tenor voices, each with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The bottom three staves are basso continuo parts, indicated by a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The music is in common time. The vocal parts sing a repeating phrase: "col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi - num," followed by a short rest. The basso continuo parts provide harmonic support with sustained notes and occasional vertical stems.

col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi - num,

col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi -

num, col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi - num,

col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi -

num,

col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi -

num, col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi - num,

col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi -

num,

col - lau - dan - tes Do - mi -

238

The musical score consists of six staves. The top three staves are in treble clef, and the bottom three are in bass clef. The key signature is one flat. The time signature changes from common time (indicated by 'c') to 8/8. The vocal parts are labeled 'num.' followed by a blank line for notation. The lyrics 'Alleluia' are repeated throughout the piece.

num. _____ Al - le - - - - - - - -

num. Al - le - - - - - lu - ia, Al - le -

8 num. _____ Al - le - lu - - - - - ia, A -

8 num. Al - le - lu - ia, Al - le - lu - ia,

8 num. _____ Al - le - lu - ia,

num. Al - le - lu - ia, Al - le - lu - ia,

247

A musical score for five voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass, and Bass) in G minor. The vocal parts are arranged in five staves. The lyrics "Alleluia" are repeated in each measure. Measure 247 starts with the first two voices. Measures 248-250 show the first three voices. Measures 251-253 show the first four voices. Measures 254-256 show all five voices. Measures 257-259 show the first three voices. Measures 260-262 show the first two voices.

lu - ia, Al - le -

- lu - ia, Al - le -

le - lu - ia, Al - le - lu - ia,

Al - le - lu - ia, Al -

Al - le - lu - ia, Al - le - lu - ia,

Al - le - lu - ia, Al -

256

A musical score for five voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass, and Bass) in G minor. The vocal parts are arranged in five staves. The lyrics "Alleluia" are repeated throughout the piece. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns, with some notes tied over between measures. The bass and basso continuo parts provide harmonic support.

lu - - - ia, Al - le - lu - - -
lu - - - ia, Al - le - lu - ia, Al - le - lu - ia, Al -
Al - le - lu - ia, Al - le - - - - - lu -
le - - - lu - - - ia, Al - le - lu - - - ia, Al - le - lu - - -
Al - le - lu - - - ia, Al - le - lu - ia, Al - le - lu - ia,

265

A musical score for six voices (SSAATTB) in common time, treble clef, and B-flat key signature. The vocal parts are: Soprano (S), Alto (A), Alto (A), Tenor (T), Bass (T), and Bass (B). The lyrics "Alleluia" are repeated throughout the score. The vocal parts are: Soprano (S), Alto (A), Alto (A), Tenor (T), Bass (T), and Bass (B). The lyrics "Alleluia" are repeated throughout the score.

ia,
Al - - - - le - lu - - ia.
le - - - lu - - - ia.
ia, Al - le - - - lu - - - ia.
Al - - - - le - lu - - - ia.
ia.
Al - - - le - lu - - ia, Al - - - - le - lu - - ia.